

# BGSU + FLAAR

## Large Format Digital Imaging Lab

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Due to the recent demolition of the Saddlemire Student Services building on the Bowling Green State University campus, the FLAAR+BGSU Imaging Lab has relocated. Our new 3000 sq/ft plus location, is just east of I-75, in the WoodBridge Business Park at 441 Woodland Circle, alongside the BGSU main campus.



The FLAAR+BGSU Imaging Lab offers printing and scanning services to the students and staff of Bowling Green State University as well as the general public. With our high-quality printing equipment, which has been provided by manufacturers to FLAAR, we are able to print photographs, fine art reproductions, Giclee, decor, signage, tradeshow displays, advertisements, posters, banners, charts, drawings, maps, murals, wallpaper, as well as other applications. Currently, we are offering 17 different printing materials ranging in width from 24"-60".



Wayne Silasi cutting prints down to size.



Printer HPZ3100

The FLAAR/BGSU Imaging Lab offers scanning capabilities as large as 12"x17". However, we are able to piece scans together to produce a larger scan. To produce our scans, we use the **Kodak EverSmart Supreme**. This scanner is used primarily for scanning Nicholas Hellmuth's FLAAR Archive of 50,000 images of pre-Columbian art and architecture collection but it can also be used to transfer analog material into digital for our customers.



Scanning negatives using the Kodak EverSmart Supreme

FLAAR also has a Cruse reprographic scanner, which was recently upgraded with about \$20,000 worth of new accessories, new firmware, and a complete re-installation. This \$100,000 80-megapixel reprographic digital camera/scanner is currently at a partner company in Toledo being tested.

The FLAAR+BGSU Imaging Lab is not only beneficial to the customers it serves but also assists the student interns it employs. Two current employees, Darren Lamb and Najib Ahmad, are receiving cooperative education credit while working for the FLAAR+BGSU Imaging Lab and are learning valuable skills that will be applicable to their future careers in technology.

Another employee, Wayne Silasi, is enhancing his art and graphic design skills as a student employee by producing visually appealing banners and posters, restoring old photographs, and operating the large format printers. Our graphic design services include page layout, poster and banner design, photo restoration, logos, file format conversion, as well as file preparation for web use or print. Applications used for our design services include Adobe Illustrator, InDesign, and Photoshop CS3.



The new location offers plenty of room for expanding our operations.

Because we print an assortment of projects for the university, FLAAR is able to evaluate a diverse range of applications through architecture, art, chemistry, biology, and visual communications projects. This is extremely helpful for FLAAR because this diverse assortment represents a realistic range of applications which our equipment would most likely be used with in other real-world scenarios. The FLAAR+/BGSU Imaging Lab supports the scholarly efforts of faculty across campus.

The FLAAR+BGSU Imaging Lab also supports local community projects. The large format print lab recently designed and printed banners for the Bowling Green Chamber of Commerce annual member dance to promote the city of Bowling Green's 175th anniversary. Through efforts by lab manager Wendy Like, the FLAAR+BGSU Imaging Lab is also a proud sponsor of the BGSU Digital Mirror summer camp for middle school aged girls. This is the second year for the camp that was a huge success in 2007. The camp was organized by the BGSU English department to promote and teach technology to middle school girls by introducing them to digital applications such as web design, graphic design, digital photography, and large format scanning and printing. Wendy has school-aged children so is a good mentor for this program.



**Wayne Silasi preparing a slide show on print and design concepts for the BGSU 2008 Digital Mirror girl's summer camp.**



**Wendy Like assisting Greg Little, a faculty member from the BGSU School of Art, with prints of the digital artwork he will be exhibiting.**



**View of the main printing/scanning lab.**

We believe our diverse experience is what sets us apart from other print labs in the area. Wendy Like, the Laboratory Project Manager, began working for FLAAR through Bowling Green State University in June of 2006. She has a Bachelor of Fine Arts in Computer Art as well as a Masters of Fine Arts in Children's Literature. She also has 10 years experience in Quality and Engineering Technology. The student employees also add diversity to the FLAAR+BGSU operation. Wayne Silasi, a Computer Art major at BGSU, has extensive experience with digital media including 3-D modeling, graphic design, web design and computer animation. Wayne also serves as president of the BGSU computer art club. Darren Lamb is a junior Visual Communications Major with a focus in print media. He contributes his knowledge from the classroom to the FLAAR+BGSU Imaging Lab to support color management applications as well as assisting with the printing and scanning operations. Najib Ahmad is a junior Engineering Technology major. He contributes his growing knowledge of computers and machine operations, providing trouble shooting and technical support to the lab and associated equipment operations.



**Wendy Like assisting a customer with their BGSU printing.**

Because of the experience the FLAAR+BGSU Large Format Digital Imaging Lab, many industry segments look to our evaluation reports for knowledge on recent technological advances. These segments include but are not limited to commercial arts, photography, fine arts, entertainment, educational services, as well as manufacturing. FLAAR creates evaluation reports by putting the emerging technologies through scenarios which the equipment would most likely endure if it were used in industry. It is a lot more realistic to test and evaluate a wide-format printer in a real printshop. This is why the FLAAR+BGSU facility accepts outside work from the local community so that we can also include in our evaluations how a client likes, or dislikes, the color gamut, the dot pattern, or other aspects of the finished results.



**Storage room containing Nicholas Hellmuth's archive.**



**Extra office space to be used for new research projects.**

## Reality Check

Being at a university absolutely does not mean we know everything. But intellectual curiosity often leads us to enter areas that are new to us. So we do not shirk from entering areas where we are obviously not yet expert. If in your years of wide format printing experience have encountered results different than ours, please let us know at [ReaderService@FLAAR.org](mailto:ReaderService@FLAAR.org). We do not mind eating crow, though so far it is primarily a different philosophy we practice, since we are not dependent on sales commissions we can openly list the glitches and defects of those printers that have an occasional problem.

FLAAR and the university have corporate sponsors but FLAAR web sites do not accept advertising, so we don't have to kowtow to resellers or manufacturers. We respect their experience and opinion, but we prefer to utilize our own common sense, our in-house experiences, the results from site-visit case studies, and comments from the more than 49,000 of our many readers who have shared their experiences with us via e-mail (the Survey Forms).

## Licensing Information

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## Update Policy

Starting in 2008, updates on UV-curable wide-format inkjet printers are available for all individuals and companies which have a subscription, or to companies who are research project sponsors. To obtain the next update write [ReaderService@FLAAR.org](mailto:ReaderService@FLAAR.org).

There is a free PDF that describes the UV-curable inkjet printer Subscription system. Subscriptions are available only for UV-related wide-format printer publications.

FLAAR Reports on UV-curable roll-to-roll, flatbed, hybrid, and combo printers are updated when new information is available. We tend to update the reports on new printers, on printers that readers ask about the most, and on printers where access is facilitated (such as factory visits, demo-room visits, etc).

Reports on obsolete printers, discontinued printers, or printers that not enough people ask about, tend not to be updated.

FLAAR still publishes individual reports on solvent printers, and on giclee printers, but subscriptions on these are not yet available; these FLAAR Reports on solvent, eco-solvent, and water-based wide format printers have to be purchased one by one.

## Citing and Crediting

A license from FLAAR is required to use any material whatsoever from our reports in any commercial advertisement or PR Release.

If you intend to quote any portion of a FLAAR review in a PowerPoint presentation, if this is in reference to any product that your company sells or promotes, then it would be appropriate to ask us first. FLAAR reports are being updated every month sometimes, and our comment on that product may have been revised as we learned more about the product from end users. Also, we noticed that one company cited the single favorable comment we made on one nice aspect of their printer, but neglected to cite the rest of the review which pointed out the features of the printer which did not do so well. For them to correct this error after the fact is rather embarrassing. So it is safer to ask-before-quote a FLAAR review on your product.

The material in this report is not only copyright, it is also based on years of research. Therefore if you cite or quote a pertinent section, please provide a proper credit, which would be minimally "Nicholas Hellmuth, year, [www.FLAAR.org](http://www.FLAAR.org)." If the quote is more than a few words then academic tradition would expect that a footnote or entry in your bibliography would reference the complete title. Publisher would be [www.FLAAR.org](http://www.FLAAR.org).

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a PowerPoint presentation, if this is in reference to any product that your company sells or promotes, then it would be appropriate to license the report or otherwise notify us in advance. FLAAR reports are being updated every week sometimes, and our comment on that product may have been revised as we learned more about the product from end users. Also, we noticed that one company cited the single favorable comment we made on one nice aspect of their printer, but neglected to cite the rest of the review which pointed out the features of the printer which did not do so well. For them to correct this error after the fact is rather embarrassing. So it is safer to ask-before-you-quote a FLAAR review on your product.

## Legal notice

Inclusion in this study by itself in no way endorses any printer, media, ink, RIP or other digital imaging hardware or software. Equally, exclusion from this study in no way is intended to discredit any printer.

## Advisory

We do our best to obtain information which we consider reliable. But with hundreds of makes and models of printers, and sometimes when information about them is sparse, or conflicting, we can only work with what we have available. Thus you should be sure to rely also on your own research, especially asking around. Find another trustworthy end-user of the same make and model you need to know about. Do not make a decision solely on the basis of a FLAAR report because your situation may be totally different than ours. Or we may not have known about, and hence not written about, one aspect or another which is crucial before you reach your decision.

The sources and resources we may list are those we happen to have read. There may be other web pages or resources that we missed. For those pages we do list, we have no realistic way to verify the veracity of all their content. Use your own common sense plus a grain of salt for those pages which are really just PR releases or outright ads.

We are quite content with the majority of the specific printers, RIPs, media, and inks we have in the FLAAR facilities. We would obviously never ask for hardware, software, or consumables that we knew in advance would not be good. However even for us, a product which looks good at a trade show, sounds good in the ad literature, and works fine for the first few weeks, may subsequently turn out to be a lemon.

Or the product may indeed have a glitch but one that is so benign for us, or maybe we have long ago gotten used to it and have a workaround. And not all glitches manifest themselves in all situations, so our evaluator may not have been sufficiently affected that he or she made an issue of any particular situation. Yet such a glitch that we don't emphasize may turn out to be adverse for your different or special application needs.

Equally often, what at first might be blamed on a bad product, usually turns out to be a need of more operator experience and training. More often than not, after learning more about the product it becomes possible to produce what it was intended to produce. For this reason it is crucial for the FLAAR team and their university colleagues to interact with the manufacturer's training center and technicians, so we know more about a hardware or software. Our evaluations go through a process of acquiring documentation from a wide range of courses and these naturally include the manufacturer itself. Obviously we take their viewpoints with a grain of salt but often we learn tips that are worthy of being passed along.

But even when we like a product and recommend it, we still can't guarantee or certify any make or model nor its profitability in use because we don't know the conditions under which a printer system might be utilized in someone else's facility. For ink and media, especially after-market third-party ink and media, it is essential that you test it first, under your conditions. We have no way to assure that any ink or media will be acceptable for your specific needs in your specific print shop. As a result, products are described "as is" and without warranties as to performance or merchantability, or of fitness for a particular purpose. Any such statements in our reports or on our web sites or in discussions do not constitute warranties and shall not be relied on by the buyer in deciding whether to purchase and/or use products we discuss because of the diversity of conditions, materials and/or equipment under which these products may be used. Thus please recognize that no warranty of fitness or profitability for a particular purpose is offered.

The user is advised to test products thoroughly before relying on them. We do not have any special means of analyzing chemical contents or flammability of inks, media, or laminates, nor how these need to be controlled by local laws in your community. There may well be hazardous chemicals, or outgassing that we are not aware of. Be aware that some inks have severe health hazards associated with them. Some are hazardous to breathe; others are hazardous if you get them on your skin. For example, some chemicals such as cyclohexanone do not sound like chemicals you want to breathe every day. Be sure to obtain, read, and understand

the MSDS sheets for the inks, media, and laminates that you intend to use. Both solvent, eco-solvent, and UV-curable inks are substances whose full range of health and environmental hazards are not yet fully revealed. It is essential you use common sense and in general be realistic about the hazards involved, especially those which are not listed or which have not yet been described. FLAAR is not able to list all hazards since we are not necessarily aware of the chemical components of the products we discuss. Our reports are on usability, not on health hazards.

Most inks are clearly not intended to be consumed. Obviously these tend to be solvent inks and UV-curable inks. Yet other inks are edible, seriously, they are printed on birthday cakes. Indeed Sensient is a leader in a new era of edible inks. Therefore the user must assume the entire risk of ascertaining information on the chemical contents and flammability regulations relative to inks, media or laminates as well as using any described hardware, software, accessory, service, technique or products.

We have no idea of your client's expectations. What students on our campus will accept may not be the same as your Fortune 500 clients. In many cases we have not ourselves used the products but are basing our discussion on having seen them at a trade show, during visiting a print shop, or having been informed about a product via e-mail or other communication.

Be aware that trade show results may not be realistic. Trade shows are idealized situations, with full-time tech support to keep things running. The images at a trade show may be tweaked. Other images may be "faked" in the sense of slyly putting on primer without telling the people who inspect the prints. Most UV inks don't stick to all materials; many materials need to be treated.

Or the UV prints may be top-coated so that you can't do a realistic scratch test.

Booth personnel have many standard tricks that they use to make their output look gorgeous. In about half the cases you will not likely obtain these results in real life: in most cases they are printing uni-directional, which may be twice as slow as bi-directional.

Trade show examples tend to be on the absolutely best media. When you attempt to save money and use economy media you will quickly notice that you do not get anywhere near the same results as you saw in the manufacturer's trade show booth, or pictured in their glossy advertisement. Five years ago we noticed Epson was laminating prints to show glossy output because their pigmented inks could not print on actual glossy media. The same equipment, inks, media, and software may not work as well in your facility as we,

or you, see it at a trade show. All the more reason to test before you buy; and keep testing before you make your final payment. Your ultimate protection is to use a gold American Express credit card so you can have leverage when you ask for your money back if the product fails.

You absolutely need to do print samples with your own images and the kind provided by your clients. Do not rely on the stock photos provided by the printer, ink, media, or RIP manufacturer or reseller. They may be using special images which they know in advance will look fabulous on their printer. Equally well, if you send your sample images to the dealer, don't be surprised if they come back looking awful. That is because many dealers won't make a serious effort to tweak their machine for your kind of image. They may use fast speed just to get the job done (this will result in low quality). Check with other people in your area, or in the same kind of print business that you do. Don't rely on references from the reseller or manufacturer (you will get their pet locations which may be unrealistically gushy): find someone on your own.

And many materials don't feed well through hybrid (pinch roller on grit roller systems) or combo UV systems (with transport belts). Banding, both from poor feeding, and from bi-directional (lawnmower effect) are common on many UV-curable inkjet printers.

## Factors influencing output

Heat, humidity, static, dust, experience level of your workers (whether they are new or have prior years experience): these are all factors that will differ in your place of business as compared with test results or demo room results.

Actually you may have people with even more experience than we do, since we deliberately use students to approximate newbies. FLAAR is devoted to assisting newcomers learn about digital imaging hardware and software. This is why Nicholas Hellmuth is considered the "Johnny Appleseed" of wide format inkjet printers.

Therefore this report does not warranty any product for any quality, performance or fitness for any specific task, since we do not know the situation in which you intend to use the hardware or software. Nor is there any warranty or guarantee that the output of these products will produce salable goods, since we do not know what kind of ink or media you intend to use, nor the needs of your clients. A further reason that no one can realistically speak for all aspects of any one hardware or software is that each of these products may require additional hardware or software to reach its full potential.



For example, you will most likely need a color management system which implies color measurement tools and software. To handle ICC color profiles, you may need ICC color profile generation software and a spectrophotometer since often the stock pre-packaged ICC color profiles which come with the ink, media, printers and/or RIPs may not work in your situation. Not all RIPs handle color management equally, or may work better for some printer-ink-media combinations than for others.

Be aware that some RIPs can only accept ICC color profiles: you quickly find out the hard way that you can't tweak these profiles nor generate new ones. So be sure to get a RIP which can handle all aspects of color management. Many RIPs come in different levels. You may buy one level and be disappointed that the RIP won't do everything. That's because those features you may be lacking are available only in the next level higher of that RIP, often at considerable extra cost. Same thing in the progression of Chevy through Pontiac to Cadillac, or the new Suburbans. A Chevy Suburban simply does not have all the bells and whistles of the Cadillac Escalade version of this SUV.

Don't blame us... besides, that's why we are warning you. This is why we have a Survey Form, so we can learn when you find products that are inadequate. We let the manufacturers know when end users complain about their products so that the manufacturers can resolve the situation when they next redesign the system.

Most newer printer models tend to overcome deficiencies of earlier models. It is possible that our comparative comments point out a glitch in a particular printer that has been taken care of through an improvement in firmware or even an entirely new printer model. So if we point out a deficiency in a particular printer brand, the model you may buy may not exhibit this headache, or your kind of printing may not trigger the problem. Or you may find a work-around.

Just remember that every machine has quirks, even the ones we like. It is possible that the particular kind of images, resolution, inks, media, or other factors in your facility are sufficiently different than in ours that a printer which works just fine for us may be totally unsatisfactory for you and your clients. However it may be that the specific kind of printing you need to do may never occasion that shortcoming. Or, it may be that your printer was manufactured on a Monday and has defects that are atypical, show up more in the kind of media you use which we may not use as often or at all during our evaluations. Equally possibly a printer that was a disaster for someone else may work flawlessly for you and be a real money maker for your company.

So if we inspect a printer in a printshop (a site-visit case study), and that owner/operator is content with their printer

and we mention this; don't expect that you will automatically get the same results in your own printshop.

In some cases a product may work better on a Macintosh than on a PC. RIP software may function well with one operating system yet have bugs and crash on the same platform but with a different operating system. Thus be sure to test a printer under your own specific work conditions before you buy.

And if a printer, RIP, media, or ink does not function, return it with no ands, ifs or buts. Your best defense is to show an advertising claim that the printer simply can't achieve. Such advertising claims are in violation of federal regulations, and the printer companies know they are liable for misleading the public.

But before you make a federal case, just be sure that many of the issues are not user error or unfamiliarity. It may be that training or an additional accessory can make the printer do what you need it to accomplish. Of course if the printer ads did not warn you that you had to purchase the additional pricey accessory, that is a whole other issue. Our reviews do not cover accessories since they are endless, as is the range of training, or lack thereof, among users.

The major causes of printer breakdown and failure is lack of maintenance, poor maintenance, spotty maintenance, or trying to jerry-rig some part of the printer. The equally common cause of printer breakdown is improper use, generally due from lack of training or experience. Another factor is whether you utilize your printer all day every day. Most solvent and UV printers work best if used frequently. If you are not going to use your printer for two or three days, you have to put flush into the system and prepare it for hibernation (even if for only four or five days). Then you have to flush the ink system all over again.

Also realize that the surface of inkjet prints are fragile and generally require lamination to survive much usage. Lamination comes in many kinds, and it is worth finding a reliable lamination company and receiving training on their products.

Also realize that no hybrid or combo UV printer can feed all kinds of rigid materials precisely. Some materials feed well; others feed poorly; others will skew.

Although we have found several makes and models to work very well in our facilities, how well they work in your facilities may also depend on your local dealer. Some dealers are excellent; others just sell you a box and can't provide much service after the sale. Indeed some low-bid internet sales sources may have no technical backup whatsoever. If you

pay low-bid price, you can't realistically expect special maintenance services or tech support later on from any other dealer (they will tell you to return to where you paid for the product). This is why we make an effort to find out which dealers are recommendable. Obviously there are many other dealers who are also good, but we do not always know them. To protect yourself further, always pay with a level of credit card which allows you to refuse payment if you have end up with a lemon. A Gold American Express card allows you to refuse payment even months after the sale. This card may also extend your warranty agreement in some cases (check first).

Most of the readers of the FLAAR Reports look to see what printers we use in our own facilities. Readers realize that we will have selected the printers that we like based on years of experience and research. Indeed we have met people at trade shows who told us they use the FLAAR web site reports as the shopping list for their corporate purchases.

Yes, it is rather self-evident that we would never ask a manufacturer to send a product which we knew in advance from our studies was no good. But there are a few other printers which are great but we simply do not have them in our facilities yet.

So if a printer is not made available by its manufacturer, then there is no way we can afford to have all these makes and models in our facility. Thus to learn about models which we do not feature, be sure to ask around in other print shops, with IT people in other corporations, at your local university or community college. Go to trade shows....but don't use only the booth...ask questions of people in the elevator, in line at the restaurant, anywhere to escape the smothering hype you get in the booth.

Taking into consideration we do not know the conditions in which you may be using your hardware, software, or consumables, neither the author nor FLAAR nor either university is liable for liability, loss or damage caused either directly or indirectly by the suggestions in this report nor by hardware, software, or techniques described herein because.

Free Sample Publications

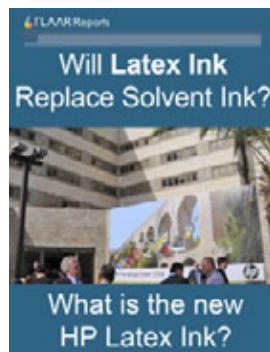
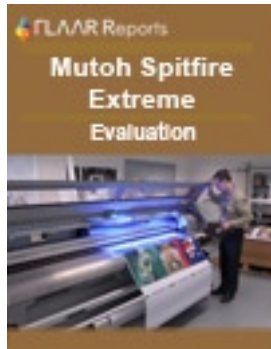
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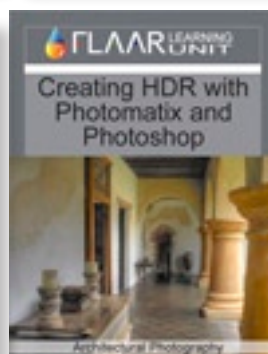
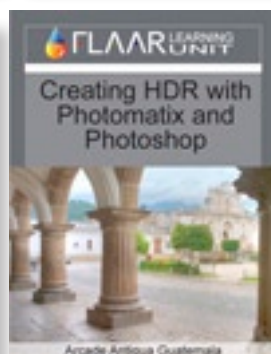
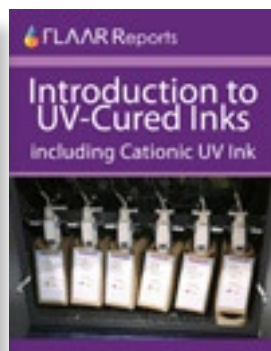
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Each month Dr Nicholas Hellmuth travels around the world to investigate and learn more about the new technology.

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